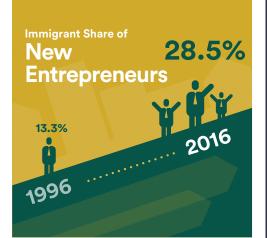
Immigrants sharing homes: opening doors to opportunity





NATIONAL IMMIGRATION FORUM



Immigrants in the United States are embracing opportunities and contributing to the fabric of our communities more than ever. New Americans are buying houses, creating businesses, bringing new ideas and innovations and defending our nation. They comprise 13 percent of the U.S. population and 16 percent of the American workforce.

Achieving the American dream is extremely challenging. Yet, as discussed in Immigrants sharing homes [http://immigrationforum. org/wp-content/uploads/2016/12/Airbnb_Home-Sharing_Full_Report_Final.pdf], those who leave everything behind to seek out a better life are more likely to be risk-takers and inclined to forge a less traditional path to greater opportunities. Like earlier immigrants who have adapted to and contributed to an ever-changing work force, many immigrants today are finding opportunity in the shared economy.

Immigrants and the Sharing Economy

For the better part of the past decade, as technology has come to play a greater role in society, a wide range of "peer to peer" businesses have developed that allow everyone to become an entrepreneur, often from the comforts of their own keyboard. What has come to be known as the sharing (or "gig") economy has upended the way we exchange goods and services.

Perhaps the most compelling example of the sharing economy is people's ability to rent out portions of their home to visitors with whom they have interacted previously only online. This homesharing model is defined as the act of renting out all or part of one's home on a short-term basis during which the owner may or may not be present. Airbnb, the largest player in this space, provides a digital marketplace on the web for individuals to list their personal spaces for rent, and like other digital matching firms, the process is based on a two-way evaluation system. And people are participating in unprecedented numbers, both as hosts and guests: Airbnb reports that across 34,000 cities and 191 countries, there have been more than 100 million guest stays at Airbnb listings.

This new platform is especially well suited for immigrants and immigrant neighborhoods. Guests seek authentic cultural experiences and exchanges which many immigrants are in a unique position to offer. In immigrant neighborhoods, supplemental income can often be a lifeline, enabling residents to meet their monthly rent and mortgage payments. In fact, 54 percent of Airbnb hosts in the US say hosting has helped them afford to stay in their homes. Moreover, immigrants are more likely to embrace entrepreneurial opportunities.

To bring these stories to life and understand first-person experiences of home-sharing through Airbnb, we profile several immigrants in three metropolitan areas: Chicago, Los Angeles and New York. We wanted to understand their reasons for participating in this new home-sharing marketplace and the opportunities it afforded them. We chose these cities because of their strong immigrant histories and selected people who for the most part live outside of the city center, in more suburban neighborhoods such as Sherman Oaks, California; Staten Island, New York; and the Uptown community in Chicago.

These hosts are not alone. Throughout New York, Los Angeles, and Chicago, hosts in majorityimmigrant neighborhoods have earned more than \$24 million. This economic infusion has encouraged new hosts, such as those profiled in this report, to open their homes. These immigrant neighborhoods have seen 65 percent growth in active Airbnb listings in the past year. New stories like these emerge each day.







Throughout its history, the Windy City has been a metropolis of immigrants. Since the early 1900s, Chicago has remained one of the top four destinations of people from all over the world who come to America for more opportunities.¹ Chicago's culture, economics, character and strength are intrinsically tied to the immigrants who brave its cold winters and have made the city what it is today. "Today, Chicago's immigrants remain crucial drivers of our economic growth and cultural vitality," Mayor Rahm Emanuel wrote in 2012 upon unveiling the Chicago New Americans Plan, which includes initiatives the city undertook to support its immigrant population: roughly 560,000 people from more than 140 countries who speak more than 100 languages.²

The broader metropolis of Chicago — the 9.4 million people who live in the city and surrounding suburbs³ — demonstrate an even more powerful immigrant story. According to the Americas Society/Council of the Americas, immigrants make up 17 percent of that region, yet own 27 percent of businesses and represent 22 percent of the labor force.⁴

Tourism is a vital industry in Chicago. In 2015, more than 52 million tourists chose Chicago as a destination.⁵ According to a pro-tourism initiative, "Choose Chicago," these visitors generated \$935 million in total tax revenue, while the occupancy rate of hotels reached a record 89 percent.⁶ Beyond the typical tourist destinations within the city center, Airbnb has found that more and more tourists are choosing home-sharing opportunities in Chicago's neighborhoods and suburbs. Airbnb reports that in 2015, 247,000 guests generated more than \$150 million in spending at local businesses outside of the usual tourist destinations.⁷ When combined with the revenue to hosts, home-sharing contributed \$209 million to the Chicago economy in 2016, Airbnb estimates.⁸

According to Airbnb's data, nearly 5,000 people in Chicago participate in the Airbnb platform.⁹ No precise data exist on how many hosts are immigrants, but because Chicago has a foreignborn population of nearly 568,000 (21 percent of its total)¹⁰ and nearly 1 percent of all people are participating as hosts with Airbnb,¹¹ we estimate that several hundred if not a thousand or more immigrants are participating in home-sharing with Airbnb.

Below are the experiences of three such Chicago immigrants.





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"Immigrants are really ambitious. We look for things outside the norm looking for opportunities that aren't what was expected of you."

> Maria Soto Lincoln Park, Chicago

A fourth-grade dual language teacher, Maria Soto loves the experience of teaching children in multiple languages. In 2000, as a teacher in Seville, Spain, she jumped at the chance to be part of a government teacher exchange program between the U.S. and Spain, sponsored by the U.S. Department of Education. That program opened countless doors for Maria. "I was so excited. It gave me the chance to teach in a school that promotes bi-literacy. I loved it, and I knew it would help me back home by increasing my knowledge of English and strategies for teaching while forging friendships and connections. But at the end of my program, the district wanted to hire me, and so I stayed," she says. Maria is a U.S. citizen now and has furthered her own education by earning two master's degrees, one in bilingual education and one in education leadership.

Maria shares her thoughts on what it took for her to make it in the states: "...We look to do good. And in addition to working hard in the classroom, I've always looked for extra income outside of my profession. It's the way I know I will make it."

Extra income is exactly what Maria needed when she chose to buy a condo in a nice neighborhood with high property taxes. She turned to home sharing her extra room. "Buying that condo was such a good opportunity I couldn't pass up. By home-sharing my condo through Airbnb, I can pay those taxes and continue to live in such a beautiful place."

An added benefit for Maria is how the experience of home sharing furthers her interests in languages and culture. "My visitors are a mix, with most coming from outside the U.S. They like to relate to people who are also foreigners. I write on my profile that I speak German, Spanish and English, so they choose me, especially if they need help with the language. That is a draw — it is easier for them to come here and know that I can help them. Recently a woman from Brazil was teaching me Portuguese and I was teaching her Spanish. I love meeting new people and sharing new cultures; I am open minded. I love that my Airbnb guests bring me experiences from other cultures," she says.









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"Now, as my parents had hoped, I am living the American dream."

> **Oliver Aguilar** Uptown, Chicago



Oliver Aguilar's parents are farmers from the Philippines. When Oliver was 8 years old, they brought him and his three siblings to the U.S. to give them a chance at the American dream. "They had the typical immigrant dream of providing the next generation with a solid education. And now all four of us have successful careers; we've all done well in college, with postgraduate degrees," says Oliver. He became a U.S. citizen in 1978.

Oliver has lived in Detroit and in many parts of Chicago. He currently makes his home the Uptown neighborhood, which is also known as the heart of Little Vietnam. "I love it here because it's a melting pot to as many as 60 different languages ... including Vietnamese, Ethiopian, Swedish, German and Chinese. When I discovered it, I knew this was it," he explains. Last year he began home sharing the extra room in the apartment he rents.

The primary reason Oliver became an Airbnb host was to pursue his professional dream of owning his own interior design firm. He had a steady job in a design firm, working dependable hours, but for years longed to forge his own path as an entrepreneur. "I was nervous to make that jump," he says. After finding success as a host he felt he could do it, explaining: "Airbnb came at the right time to give me the confidence to move forward, by giving me the financial cushion to take the risk of pursuing my own company. I couldn't have done it without the extra income, and I am grateful. My business continues to flourish, and I am glad that Airbnb was there for me."

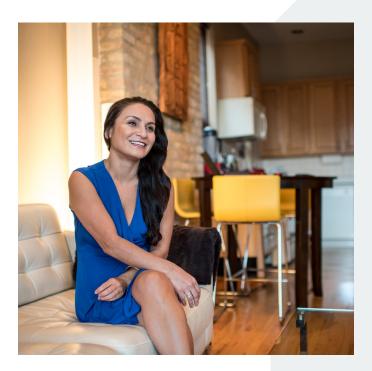
Most of Oliver's guests are from other countries. He takes great pride in showing off his eclectic community, knowing that guests are experiencing the real Chicago and not just the tourist destinations. And he feels good about promoting the local businesses within his immigrant neighborhood. He has made a point of sharing with his alderman how much business Airbnb generates, not just for his bottom line but for the neighborhood as a whole.

"Some guests ask me to join them for dinner and when they do, I take them to an amazing Peking duck place two blocks from my home. I enjoy exploring different cultures from around the world, but I didn't have the money or time to travel. By doing Airbnb the world can come to me."

<image>

One year in and with his interior design business doing well, Oliver is happy he took a risk. "Now, as my parents had hoped, I have taken full advantage of the land of opportunities," he says. "As a farmer's son from the Philippines, I am living that American dream."

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"I loved the exposure to so many cultures and experiences," she says.

> **Zeynep Baki** West Town, Chicago

"I survived the recession, got my Bachelor of Arts degree, bought a condo, and am appreciated and recognized by my employers at the Big Four accounting firm where I work. I couldn't have done any of this without Airbnb."

Zeynep Baki, a self-described "international individual," came to America from Turkey as a young adult, eager to learn English and explore. "I had \$100 in my pocket, no knowledge of the English language and no family support," she reminisces. She worked as an au pair and assumed she would return to Istanbul. "But one thing led to another, I soon enrolled in college, and nearly two decades later I am still here — and am proudly an American citizen." Her life in America took a detour when she married a man who worked for NATO and together they lived in developing countries and war zones around the world. "I loved the exposure to so many cultures and experiences," she says.

When her marriage ended, she knew she belonged not in her home country but in the place that could provide her with more opportunities: Chicago. "The time after my divorce was a difficult one for me, on many levels," she explains. "It was challenging to be looking for work during the recession. I had a two-year degree but knew that completing my four-year college degree was important and would help me get a good job. A friend helped me devise a plan to generate income so that I could support my education. She told me about Airbnb."

She began home sharing her apartment in 2011 when she returned to school, and the income allowed her to focus on her studies. One of her first experiences as a host had a profound effect on her: "I still remember the first person I hosted in 2011, and the powerful connection we forged. She was a European woman who had been living in Kosovo, where she had met an American man a U.N. police officer. Unbeknownst to either of us when she booked, I had lived in the same town in Kosovo! We instantly bonded, sharing a love of the same restaurant, knowing the same streets and exulting in what a small world it is. She had a story: While in Kosovo she was diagnosed with cancer and returned to Belgium for treatment. Once she was well enough to travel, still bald from chemotherapy, she came to the U.S. to visit that man. That's what brought her to my apartment. I couldn't believe it — what an eye-opening experience for me. That's what Airbnb does, if you think about it: It makes real connections, across oceans and borders. Meeting her and sharing my home with her during such an important journey in her life was an experience I will never forget."

Since then, Zeynep estimates she has hosted about 70 people from all over the world. With school behind her and a well-paying job at a major tax and auditing firm, she doesn't need to host as often but still does it on occasion for the experience. "I survived the recession, got my Bachelor of Arts degree, bought a condo, and am appreciated and recognized by my employers at the Big Four accounting firm where I work. I couldn't have done any of this without Airbnb."

She too values how her guests support the businesses in her diverse neighborhood. "Everyone who has stayed with me could easily be my friend or my family," she says warmly. "My guests want the real experience of my diverse neighborhood. Just like that first guest I had, all the people that come to my home bring some sort of conversation with them. It is so important for me to be connected to the world — to open my doors to the world. With each booking, I am eager to see what life brings."





"I moved to the United States from Thailand because of family. ... The money I get from home sharing through Airbnb allows me to visit the rest of my family in Thailand. And that is important to me."

Tippi Lee

West Town, Chicago Tippi Lee is one of 11 children in her family from Thailand; her immigration story centers on her love of family. Tippi was working as an accountant in Thailand when she decided to follow her sister to the U.S in 1983. Decades later, she's now retired and her experience as an Airbnb host has given her the financial freedom to stay close to family, both in the U.S. and in Thailand.

"I moved to the United States from Thailand because of family," she shares. "My sister paved the way by being the first of us to come to America. She got her citizenship and applied for me to get a green card, and so I came. At first, there was so much unknown, and I wasn't sure I was going to stay. But then more siblings came and Chicago became my home." Her mom and some of her siblings are still in Thailand.

She recognizes she was lucky to find work as an accountant. Two years ago, however, that luck changed. At age 60, she was laid off when her company moved to India. She was offered a different job in Texas but could not imagine leaving her family in Chicago and being so far away. She also knew that at her age, finding a new job within her profession would be a challenge. "So I took the severance package but knew I'd need to come up with a plan to generate more to live on," she explains. She explored getting a roommate, but at her age she was nervous about opening her home to someone without proper screening. Then she learned about home sharing: "I like meeting new people, so home sharing seemed like a good idea," she says. "And when I heard how thoroughly Airbnb screens people, I decided I should give it a try."

The experiencing of hosting has been a good one for her and allowed her to transition to retirement. "I enjoy home sharing and the extra money it brings in," she says. "My guests come from all over the world; I love the different customs and different points of view. They ask me about America and my neighborhood. They love the diversity of this neighborhood — Japanese, Thai, Mexican, Turkish … so many immigrant-owned restaurants. I know the owner of the Thai place and recommend that my guests eat there; he appreciates that. And I like knowing that my guests are helping the neighborhood."

The money she earns from home sharing has provided Tippi more financial flexibility to return to Thailand regularly to see her family. "I go back every year to Thailand, but this year I was lucky to afford to back twice. The money I get from home sharing through Airbnb allows me to visit the rest of my family in Thailand. And that is important to me. Family is important to me."

Los Angeles



In recent decades, the City of AngelS has become one of our nation's top draws for immigrants.¹² In surrounding communities including Long Beach and Santa Ana, immigrants constitute more than a third of the population.¹³

The economic engine of Los Angeles depends heavily on its immigrant workforce and spending power. Immigrants contribute about 43 percent of the region's share of gross domestic product, and immigrant households represent 36 percent of the total household income in the county.¹⁴ According to an economic snapshot produced by the University of Southern California, of all employed immigrant workers, 21 percent are in professional services, 17 percent in retail trade, 15 percent in manufacturing and 15 percent self-employed.¹⁵ A quarter of immigrants are considered "underemployed," meaning they have obtained a





bachelor's degree yet work in jobs that require less education.¹⁶ As is the case nationally as well as in Chicago and New York, immigrants in Los Angeles are more likely to start businesses, and they own 43 percent of the region's businesses and provide 42 percent of its labor force.¹⁷

Disneyland, Universal Studios, vast beaches and that California sun are just a few of the attractions that bring millions of tourists to the Los Angeles area each year. For the fifth year in a row, Los Angeles broke its tourism record in 2015, with 45 million people choosing the city for their travel.¹⁸ Tourism supports 464,000 jobs, according to Los Angeles Mayor Eric Garcetti's office.¹⁹

Airbnb reported a significant total economic impact of \$920 million in the city of Los Angeles in 2015.²⁰ The results of a company survey of Los Angeles hosts suggests they typically earn \$7,000 a year from home sharing.²¹ Among these hosts, 10 percent said that their increased revenue prevented them from losing their homes.²² America Lopez, profiled below, lives in Lincoln Heights, a heavily Latino area that, according to Airbnb, has experienced a dramatic

Immigrants contribute about 43% of the region's share of gross domestic product, and immigrant households

represent 36% of the total household income in the county. 100 percent increase in home-sharing guests this year over last, providing an additional \$615,000 in income for residents.²³

Another immigrant host, Pina De Rosa, lives in Sherman Oaks, a Los Angeles suburb in the San Fernando Valley. This area too has seen a significant influx of Airbnb home-sharing activity. Airbnb reports a 67 percent increase this year over last year in guest arrivals.²⁴ Sherman Oaks hosts including Pina are now earning more than half a million dollars in revenue cumulatively by participating in the Airbnb platform.²⁵

Below are the experiences of two Los Angeles suburban immigrant hosts.





America and her twin sister, Penelope, may be just 25 years old, but they've been shouldering big responsibilities for years. They've acutely felt the pressure to keep the family finances afloat and have worked hard to bring in extra funds. "Our parents emigrated from Mexico shortly before we were born; our dad works construction and our mom drives a bus for children with special needs," America shares. "Much of our life was lived in the projects of Los Angeles — we bounced around and lived in different parts of Los Angeles. In the projects, our biggest dream was to have our own house."

In their early teens, that dream came to be. Their parents scraped enough together to purchase a house by getting a risky adjustable-rate mortgage. "Our payments still change every month. It's hard to keep up," she explains. "Now, our biggest fear is losing our home." Their neighborhood in Lincoln Heights is predominantly Latino. "We know everyone in our neighborhood; we are close. We care a lot about our house and feel good that this is our home. I've seen so many friends get evicted, lose their homes, become victims of predatory lending. My siblings and I knew that we had to do what we could to keep our house, that losing our home would hurt us all. Since our parents were always working, we too worked hard to pay the bills."

America and her siblings are creative and undaunted by the challenge of balancing school and generating income. "Before the sharing economy was a reality, we resorted to all kinds of things. We would sell candy and Pokemon cards at school or make food and sell it on the street in "In the projects, our biggest dream was to have our own house. ...Now, our biggest fear is losing our home." America Lopez Lincoln Heights, East Los Angeles

front of our home. I started dog-sitting and at one time had 16 dogs living in our house," **she** says.

Their house is configured as a duplex and so the extra space has long been utilized to bring in more resources, managed by America and Penelope. America explains: "We took in tenants and learned the ins and outs of how to evict bad ones, including how to deal with the courts. All this took a lot of time to manage and took us away from our studies and activities, but we did it all because of the pressure we all felt to keep our house. We like having our home near our high school. I didn't want my family to become another statistic of the housing crash."

America didn't let her young age deter her from her entrepreneurial interests. She took real estate classes from a college professor to learn about the housing market, as well as her rights. "I remember realizing we were being overcharged \$1,000 [for] insurance because the company assumed we had carpet. Well, we fixed that. And that was a good day."

The sharing economy has meant more opportunities for this immigrant family. America's brother now drives for Uber and Lyft. America and Penelope have turned to home sharing the extra space in their duplex. America says, "Things are so much better now that we can share our home through Airbnb. At first my parents were hesitant about how it would work. They have difficulty with English. We reassured them by managing it all — dealing with the guests, managing the website — all of it. Now they get it and enjoy the extra money it brings in. They feel better knowing the guests are screened. And they are happy that those 16 dogs are no longer in the house!"

The money America and Penelope bring in for their family has expanded their family's financial pie. It has given them the ability to pay for college while competing in startup competitions and teaching kids how to code as a second language. "All that hustling we did in high school has turned us into entrepreneurs," America says.



Pina is a woman who follows her dreams and works to empower others to do the same. As a 10-year-old girl in Italy, she set her sights on a life in Los Angeles — just like she saw in the movies. "My inner voice told me that someday I would go to Los Angeles. Since the day I arrived in 1990, I have felt at home, more at home than anywhere in the world," she says nostalgically. She came for college and has never left, becoming a Sherman Oaks homeowner in 2007 and a U.S. citizen a year later. She has built a career — and quite a following — as a public speaker while working to end campus sexual assault, which inspired her latest book, "Fit from the Inside Out."

Pina speaks five languages and loves the suburban area where she lives. "My Sherman Oaks neighborhood is definitely a reflection of the melting pot that America is. America IS immigrants. We are all one," she says.

In 2012, to celebrate her 40th birthday, she took a trip back to her native Italy and experienced Airbnb as a guest for the first time. It dawned on her that if she shared her own home, it would open the doors to more opportunities. She began home sharing the back bedroom of her house, and right off the bat it worked well. The initial money she earned went into the refinancing of her home and then into making household improvements. As she explains, "With the extra income, the value of my home has increased. I now can afford to take care of it as it should be — new floors, upgrading insulation and landscaping, those kinds of things. It feels good to take pride in my home, to welcome visitors to it, and to make the immigrant neighborhood I love even better."

Pina enjoys the connections she makes by welcoming visitors, nearly all foreign, to her home. As she states, "I take pride in showing my guests what America is and connecting them to our culture. This is a fantastic way to bring communities together from around the world. I always find something in common with my guests, whether they are from New Zealand, China or Brazil."

She feels good about how the economic activity that her guests generate strengthens her surrounding area, explaining that "the home sharing I do strengthens my neighborhood by bringing in more business to it. I send all my guests to the wonderful immigrant restaurants in my neighborhood, especially the cozy Mexican place on the corner that serves the freshest authentic food. This is the real Los Angeles, and they get to experience it firsthand. I welcome people into my home like long-lost cousins."

At first Pina was motivated to home share to earn money she could invest in her home, but a second reason was more personal: the ability to pursue her dream of writing a book about her work on sexual assault. As she explains, "The immigrant entrepreneurial spirit is alive and well. Finally, because of the home-sharing income, I felt less pressure about my mortgage. I set aside the time to write a book that would have taken a long time without Airbnb. I thank Airbnb for this and for so many opportunities I wouldn't have otherwise had."

Pina's foray into the sharing economy has helped her forge opportunities that are important to her and positively impact her community. She says, "Because I share my home through Airbnb, I am strengthening the neighborhood, and improving my home, and improving the quality of my life by pursuing my dreams — while meeting amazing people along this journey." "It feels good to take pride in my home, to welcome visitors to it, and to make the immigrant neighborhood I love even better."

Pina De Rosa Sherman Oaks, Los Angeles



New York City symbolizes the opportunities that the United States offers for people from around the world. The city and its surrounding suburbs are a place of, by, and for immigrants. A report issued by the New York State Comptroller in 2015 found that roughly 4 million of New York state's 4.4 million immigrants live in New York City and the communities nearby,²⁶ driving the economy of the state, shaping its culture and ultimately helping define the American dream.

Immigrants fuel New York's labor force. The Comptroller's Office estimates that immigrants account for one-third of its economic output and more than 40 percent of its workforce.²⁷ In Queens, for example, more than half the population age 16 and older is foreign born, and 69 percent of this foreign born population is in its prime working years.²⁸ The suburbs of New York City, which have a high concentration of immigrants, have accounted for nearly one-third of the net increases in the number of new businesses in the metro region since 2000.²⁹ In the New York City region as a whole, including northern New Jersey and Long Island, immigrants make up 28 percent of the population, yet they own 35 percent of the businesses and constitute 36 percent of the labor force.³⁰

Tourism and the Big Apple go hand in hand. According to NYC & Company, the official marketing organization for the five boroughs, 56.5 million foreigners and Americans flocked to the city in 2014, generating \$41 billion in spending.³¹

Due to the combination of heavy tourism and sky-high housing costs, home sharing has become a burgeoning industry in New York City. Similar to other cities, this has resulted in increased economic activity in parts of the city and surrounding areas that are heavily populated by immigrants and do not typically benefit from tourism. Staten Island, for example, in 2013 hosted 1,400 Airbnb guests.³² Airbnb estimates that this activity generated \$955,000 in revenue to

Staten Island's economy, including \$640,000 in receipts to local businesses and \$230,000 in income to local households.³³ Meanwhile in Queens, conveniently located between two major airports, 16,200 Airbnb guests in 2013 brought in a total of \$12 million, including \$4 million to Airbnb hosts and \$7 million to local businesses. The typical host in Queens earns \$4,800 in additional income per year from hosting on Airbnb.³⁴

More and more tourists choosing home-share options in neighborhoods with large numbers of immigrants has resulted in an influx of economic activity in these immigrant communities.

Below are the experiences of two New York immigrants, one from Queens and one from Staten Island.



"I am an entrepreneur, and I knew there would be more opportunities for me in America. In a way, Airbnb is our business incubator the money we earn gives us what we need to build our business."

> Hans Penz Staten Island, New York City

Hans enjoys the simple things in life. "Waking up every morning and having a view of the Statue of Liberty while you enjoy your coffee is very, very nice," he says when describing his Staten Island neighborhood.

Hans is from Austria and his wife, an engineer in the automotive industry, is German. They were living in Germany when an opportunity arose for his wife to travel to Detroit on a work visa. Hans was an entrepreneur in Germany and was excited by this new door that had opened for them: "I know about business, and knew there would be more opportunities for me in America."

Hans was interested in running a baking business and soon learned that New York was starting to offer food incubators —shared commercial kitchens from which to launch your business. "I visited the incubator in Queens and stayed in an Airbnb while I was there to check it out. It seemed promising; I said to my wife, 'Let's get our start in New York.' And so we did."

Airbnb figured into Hans' business plan from the beginning. He and his wife got an apartment in Staten Island with a guest room and began to share that room to provide a revenue stream so they could invest in their baking business. "In a way, Airbnb is our business incubator the money we earn gives us what we need to build our business — allows us to buy supplies and ingredients," he says.



With a booming business, Hans and his wife were able to buy a home. They now have two extra rooms that they rent out, primarily to German-speaking visitors. "They choose us because they know what they will be getting: They can come to New York and get the New York experience but still share the same culture. They know what they can expect," he explains. "Our neighborhood is very diverse. Most of our guests eat at the Sri Lanka deli run by a guy named Singh. Singh is grateful that it helps his business too. He is very thankful that we are bringing guests to his deli. He too knows that Airbnb is good for business."

"[We don't have] the safety net that so many others have.... As immigrants we understand the barriers to a normal career path and so we know we need to take an unconventional approach - the bare necessity of survival in NYC."

> Kazumi Terada Jamaica, Queens, New York City



Kazumi, who came from Japan with her parents at age 11, loves living in Queens. "I feel at home in Queens because everyone here is from somewhere else. I value the open-mindedness, the diversity," she expresses with enthusiasm.

Kazumi and her family returned home to Japan when she was in high school, but she had been bitten by the American bug and knew she'd find a way to get back. She applied and was accepted to Parsons School of Design to study architecture. Soon after, she married an American, and she became a citizen in 2006. That marriage ended, and she's now married to a Colombian immigrant and works in technology.

Like many New Yorkers, Kazumi struggles with the high cost of living. Trying to better afford their rent, she and her husband decided to explore home sharing. When she was laid off in 2015, she relied even more on income from Airbnb. "I began freelancing, which was ok but not steady, not dependable," she says. "At that time in my life, what was steady was Airbnb. I can count on regular bookings. I can count on Airbnb to keep us afloat."

She enjoys the cultural experience of home sharing, as the majority of her guests are visiting the U.S. for the first time — choosing New York as their first destination and the convenience of her Queens neighborhood. She explains: "Because we share our home, we are ambassadors to the world. Our neighborhood provides an immigrant-heavy experience for our guests. It is a melting pot of Asians, Muslims, Central Americans, Uzbeks. And most of the small businesses around us are immigrant-owned — a Colombian restaurant, a Korean café."

Kazumi makes the point that central to her immigrant experience is an openness to forging a less

conventional path, one that does not rely on built-in safeguards that others may take for granted. "If I get evicted, I can't go live with my mother. I need to make it on my own," she says. "Both my husband and I don't have family to rely on — the safety net that so many others have, if needed. We also don't have a built-in family reputation to live on or connections that open doors. That has prompted us to do what we can to make it here on our own — to be resourceful. As immigrants we understand the barriers to a normal career path and so we know we need to take an unconventional approach — the bare necessity of survival in NYC. Airbnb has been a godsend. And it's fun!"



Conclusion

Immigrants come to America to pursue dreams and the opportunities this country offers. Home sharing is providing a new avenue of resources they may otherwise lack to start a business, advance their education, improve their home, pay their bills and even travel back to the home country they left. Immigrants enjoy what it means for their ethnically diverse neighborhoods: visitors spending time and money in immigrant-owned businesses. Home sharing allows immigrants to pursue opportunities by opening the front doors of their own homes to help achieve their dreams.



Immigrants come to America to pursue dreams and the opportunities this country offers.



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Endnotes

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